

Formex v. 4

Questions and answers

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Physical aspects

The electronic delivery

What should be the names of the deliveries for the electronic version of the Official Journal?

The naming convention rules should be strictly followed. The deliveries can be either

- ZIP files (extension .zip) or
- GZIPped TAR files (extension .tgz).

The filenames of the delivery files as well as the filenames of the included files are case sensitive.

Examples of delivery files:

- L_2004150CS.xml.zip (ZIP file for the FORMEX delivery of the OJ L_2004150)
- L_2004150CS.pdf.zip (ZIP file for the PDF delivery of the OJ L_2004150)

What is the naming convention for Maltese special editions?

A distinction between Maltese publications should be made.

Those ones published with and related to an OJ are to be named like the corresponding OJ (although the remark 'Special Edition' appears in the header of the OJ). Those ones which contain a collection of documents from several past OJs should take the number of the daily OJ + the subseries 'M'. Documents that will be contained in this OJ will be named independently from the original OJ number according to the number of the present OJ.

For example in the first case if the corresponding OJ is L888:

- L_2005888MT.toc.xml
- L_2005888MT.01000101.doc.xml
- L_2005888MT.01000101.xml
- L_88820050502mt.xml
- L_88820050502mt00010003.pdf

and in the second case, the daily OJ being L999 and the documents from the publication belong to OJ L777 and OJ L666:

- LM2005999MT.toc.xml

- L_2005999MT.01000101.doc.xml
- L_2005999MT.01000101.xml
- L_2005999MT.01000201.doc.xml
- L_2005999.01000201.xml
- lm99920050502mt.xml
- lm99920050502mt00010001.pdf
- lm99920050502mt00020003.pdf

How should the electronic version of the Official Journal be transferred?

All the electronic deliveries of the Official Journal should be transferred via FTP to the IP address that has been communicated to your technical contact. Together with the IP address there is also the username and the password for the FTP transfer.

After login the files should be placed in the appropriate directory:

- ./ceres/in/oj_fmx for the FORMEX deliveries, and
- ./ceres/in/oj_pdf for the PDF deliveries.

A delivery with CD-ROM should be prepared as well. The CD-ROM should be addressed to:

Unité Infrastructures / Centre de calcul, Office des Publications, 2 rue Mercier, L-2985 LUXEMBOURG

Is there a notification for the status of the deliveries?

For each delivery there will be an email notification, indicating the status of the delivery. The email will be sent to the address that has been communicated to the Publication Office.

The notification will be sent as soon as the delivery arrives to the automatic reception system of the Publication Office. It is possible that there is a certain delay between the FTP transfer and the notification of the reception.

Why is a delivery not accepted?

An electronic delivery of the Official Journal can be rejected for the following reasons:

- a. **Publication is not expected.** That means that the automatic reception system is not expecting the delivery. The delivery will be ignored. Regardless of that, the delivered file will be kept for 3 days.
- b. **Publication is not respecting the naming conventions.** That means that the delivery contains files that are not conforming to the naming conventions rules of the FORMEX v4 physical specifications. A corrected delivery should be sent in short delay.
- c. **Publication has not passed the automatic validation step.** That means that the delivery does not respect certain validation rules that are automatically controlled by the Publication Office.
- d. **Publication has not been accepted after the manual validation step.** That means that the delivery does not respect certain validation rules that have been set by the Publication Office.

In all of the above cases an email notification will be generated. An attachment with the reasons of the rejection will be provided when applicable.

Who should be contacted in case of problems during the FTP transfer?

The helpdesk of the Publication Office should be contacted for any problems concerning the electronic deliveries of the Official Journal. You can contact the helpdesk

- either by email: OPOCE-HelpDesk@cec.eu.int
- or on the following telephone number: +352 2929 42020

Please always include the following information, when reporting FTP transfer problems:

- Your company's name
- IP address of the server from which you are initiating the transfer
- IP address of the FTP server of the Publication Office
- Date and time of the failed attempt
- Name of the delivery
- Error message (if exists)

How can the email address for the reception of the notifications from the Publication Office be changed?

Any requests for changes should be sent to the Official Journal Unit of the Publication Office to the attention of Mr. Jacques SCHILLINGS (Jacques.Schillings@cec.eu.int).

Preparation of PDF

Which version of PDF has to be used?

Only version 1.4 of the PDF format will be accepted

Are the filenames case sensitive?

All filenames within the PDF deliveries have to be in **lower case** characters.

Which fonts are allowed in the PDF files?

Only the **EU-Albertina Type 1** fonts must be used for the generation of the OJ PDF files.

Times New Roman Type 1 could be used only for the characters that are not included in the EU-Albertina font set.

Does the PDF delivery contain files with a format different from PDF?

The PDF delivery must contain the table of contents of the delivery in XML format as well. That file has to conform to the FORMEX v4 standard.

The root element of the instance must be: SUMMARY.PDF.

Who should be contacted in the case of problems concerning the preparation of the PDF deliveries?

Any questions concerning the preparation of the PDF files should be addressed to the Official Journal Unit of the Publication Office to the attention of

— Mr. Jacques SCHILLINGS (Jacques.Schillings@publications.europa.eu)

Physical specifications

Which Unicode characters may be used?

Unicode offers the encoding of more than 60,000 characters.

In Formex only a subset is allowed. The range of accepted characters is defined in the chapter concerning Unicode in the part of the specifications which describes the physical aspects.

After some corrections (0060 and 00B4 forbidden, 0122, 0123, and 037E added, 03D7 deleted, 2010, 2022, 2122 2190-2199, 21D0-21D9, 21E6-21E9, 221A, 221E, 222B, 2326, 232B added), these are the accepted character ranges:

0020-007E, 00A0-00A3, 00A5-00A7, 00A9, 00AB-00AC, 00AE, 00B0-00B1, 00B5, 00B7, 00BB, 00BF-00FF, 0100-0107, 010A-0113, 0116-011B, 011E-0123, 0126-0127, 012A-012B, 012E-0133, 0136-0137, 0139-0148, 014A-014D, 0150-015B, 015E-0165, 016A-016B, 016E-0173, 0178-017E, 0192, 01C4-01CC, 0218-021B, 037E, 0386-038A, 038C, 038E-03A1, 03A3-03CE, 0401-0405, 0407-042A, 042C, 042E-044A, 044C, 044E-044F, 0451-0455, 0457-045F, 0490-0491, 2010, 2013-2014, 2018-2022, 2026, 2030, 2032-2034, 2039-203A, 203E, 20AC, 2116, 2122, 2190-2199, 21D0-21D9, 21E6-21E9, 2213, 221A, 221E, 222B, 2243, 2245, 2248, 2260-2267, 2276-2277, 227C-227D, 22D5, 22DE-22DF, 2300, 2326, 2329-232B, 25A0, 25C7, 2605-2606, 2640, 2642, F106-F10A, F1B1, FB01-FB02.

Special characters in Greek documents

Some characters used for Greek punctuation have a special meaning. Their encoding might not always be clear according to the Unicode specifications:

- This character is used as question mark in Greek. The encoding (Unicode: 037E, UTF-8: CDBE) is different from that of a semicolon in texts based on the Latin alphabet.
- The middle dot is used as semicolon in Greek documents. The encoding for Formex texts is 0387 (UTF-8: CD87). The character with the encoding of 00B7 is **not** accepted.

XML Structure

Attributes

Some attributes are only optional. When are they to be used?

Those attributes are not mandatory, because under certain circumstances their values might be unknown.

The values have to be filled in if they are available

- explicitly: the value is present in the manuscript or in the electronic information,
- implicitly: the value can be derived from other information.

When is the NOTE.REF attribute used outside of tables?

The NOTE.REF attribute is used outside of tables, if the contents of a note is the same as that of a previous one. In this way it can be avoided that the same note is published more than once on the same page.

NB: The contents has to be repeated for each one of those notes.

What should be the value for the attribute SYNOPTISM, if publications are not synoptical?

The value of the attribute SYNOPTISM serves to identify the correspondences between the different language versions of a given document.

In the following example both publications contain three corrigenda, but they partly refer to different rectified acts:

FR

```
1 32000D0001 (SYNOPTISM="D0001")
2 32001D0002 (SYNOPTISM="D0002")
3 32002L0011 (SYNOPTISM="D0003")
```

PT

```
1 32000D0001 (SYNOPTISM="D0001")
2 32001R0022 (SYNOPTISM="D0004")
3 32002L0011 (SYNOPTISM="D0003")
```

In some cases it is possible that in a language version of a publication there are less documents than in the other ones:

FR

```
1 32000D0001 (SYNOPTISM="D0001")
2 32001D0002 (SYNOPTISM="D0002")
3 32002L0011 (SYNOPTISM="D0003")
```

PT

```
1 32000D0001 (SYNOPTISM="D0001")
2 32002L0011 (SYNOPTISM="D0003")
```

Quotations

Sometime quotations start in an included element and end in another one. Where is the markup placed without creating invalid instances?

QUOT.START and QUOT.END markers may only be placed in an inclusion if both appear in the same one. Otherwise they have to be placed into the including instance.

Sometimes quotation marks have to be put into a note. What has to be done if the note exists several times?

The marker indicating the end of a quotation, QUOT.END, has to be placed at the end of the last note.

An article consists of an alinea which introduces a quotation. Must the contents of the article be splitted in various alineas?

According to the schema, the contents of the article consists of an alinea followed by a QUOT.S element which contains the quotation.

In which cases has QUOT.S to be used?

The element QUOT.S can be considered of a container for the quoted structure. So it only has to be used when the quotation consists of a complete structure.

In general, the first element within a QUOT.S element which can contain PCDATA should start with the quotation mark (QUOT.START).

How is a list item of type DASH or BULLET to be tagged, if it is the starting element of a quotation

In general, the contents of ITEM elements of lists of type DASH or BULLET are only tagged by means of P etc. NP should not be used because the symbol of the items is already identified by the TYPE attribute of the LIST element.

If such an item is at the beginning of a quotation, the dash or bullet is preceded by a quotation mark. In those cases, the contents of the item has to be tagged by means of NP, of which the NO.P element contains both the quotation mark and the symbol.

NB: In those cases all items of the list have to be tagged in the same way.

What are the new quotation characters for the Estonian language?

For all three levels, the quotation characters that should be used are the following ones:

201E...201D

Inclusions

Which value has to be used for the element DOCUMENT.REF in the case of an included document?

The value for the DOCUMENT.REF element in the case of an included document is the same as that of the including

instance. In most cases the correct information, i.e. the reference to the modified document, is not available.

How is the numbering of tables, quotations, notes organized in the case of inclusions?

An inclusion which contains a complete document instance restarts the numbering of the elements with 1.

In all other cases the inclusions contain fragments which might replace the calling elements thus completing the superior instance. Therefore the numbering has to be continued. Otherwise the document becomes invalid.

How should the textual contents of images be structured?

It has to be distinguished between short text elements which for example name the components of a technical design and longer texts in images which represent forms and similar objects. Only for the latter ones the reference to the image file will be completed by the textual contents.

The original idea was — and still is — to mark up each text component by P whatever the semantic meaning might be. Currently this approach is not feasible because of a certain shortcoming in the schema. Therefore, all text components have to be tagged as HT with 'NORMAL' as value for the TYPE attribute.

Can complex formulas be marked up by means of Formex 4?

Yes, it is possible as long as all symbols needed can be represented. Here you find an example:

$$\lambda = \frac{\left(100 - \frac{conc_{CO} \times 10^{-4}}{2} - conc_{HC} \times 10^{-4}\right) + 0,45 \times \frac{1 - \frac{2 \times conc_{CO} \times 10^{-4}}{3,5 \times conc_{CO_2}}}{1 + \frac{conc_{CO} \times 10^{-4}}{3,5 \times conc_{CO_2}}} \times (conc_{CO_2} + conc_{CO} \times 10^{-4})}{6,9078 \times (conc_{CO_2} + conc_{CO} \times 10^{-4} + conc_{HC} \times 10^{-4})}$$

```
<FORMULA.S>\lambda=<EXPR>
  <EXPR TYPE="BRACKET">100 - <EXPR>
    <HT TYPE="ITALIC">conc</HT>
    <HT TYPE="SUB">CO</HT> x 10<HT TYPE="SUP">-4</HT>
  </EXPR>
  <OVER/>
  <EXPR>2</EXPR> - <HT TYPE="ITALIC">conc</HT>
  <HT TYPE="SUB">HC</HT> x 10<HT TYPE="SUP">-4</HT>
  </EXPR> + <EXPR TYPE="BRACKET"> 0,45 x <EXPR>1 - <EXPR>2 x <HT TYPE="ITALIC">conc</HT>
  <HT TYPE="SUB">CO</HT> x 10<HT TYPE="SUP">-4</HT>
  </EXPR>
  <OVER/>
  <EXPR>3,5 x <HT TYPE="ITALIC">conc</HT>
  <HT TYPE="SUB">CO2</HT>
  </EXPR>
  </EXPR>
  <OVER/>
  <EXPR>1 + <EXPR>
  <HT TYPE="ITALIC">conc</HT>
  <HT TYPE="SUB">CO</HT> x 10<HT TYPE="SUP">-4</HT>
  </EXPR>
  <OVER/>
  <EXPR>3,5 x <HT TYPE="ITALIC">conc</HT>
  <HT TYPE="SUB">CO2</HT>
  </EXPR>
  </EXPR> x <EXPR TYPE="BRACKET">
  <HT TYPE="ITALIC">conc</HT>
  <HT TYPE="SUB">CO2</HT> + <HT TYPE="ITALIC">conc</HT>
  <HT TYPE="SUB">CO</HT> x 10<HT TYPE="SUP">-4</HT>
  </EXPR>
  </EXPR>
  <OVER/>
  <EXPR>6,9078 x <EXPR TYPE="BRACKET">
  <HT TYPE="ITALIC">conc</HT>
  <HT TYPE="SUB">CO2</HT> + <HT TYPE="ITALIC">conc</HT>
  <HT TYPE="SUB">CO</HT> x 10<HT TYPE="SUP">-4</HT> + <HT TYPE="ITALIC">conc</HT>
  <HT TYPE="SUB">HC</HT> x 10<HT TYPE="SUP">-4</HT>
  </EXPR>
  </EXPR>
</FORMULA.S>
```

Consleg source

For documents that were published in special editions, what should the values of BIB.INSTANCE/PAGE.FIRST and BIB.INSTANCE/PAGE.LAST refer to?

ANNEXE

Désignation des marchandises	Classement (Code NC)	Motivation
(1)	(2)	(3)
1) Préparation à base de viande cuite composée des ingrédients suivants (pourcentage en poids):	1602 20 90	Le classement est déterminé par les règles générales n ^{os} 1 et 6 pour l'interprétation de la nomenclature combinée, par la note 2 du chapitre 16 et par le libellé des codes NC 1602, 1602 20 et 1602 20 90
Foie: 15		
Surfine de porc: 5		
Saignée de porc: 2		
Rognons: 6		La teneur en foie est considérée comme suffisante pour conférer au produit son caractère de préparation à base de foie (*voir la note explicative de la nomenclature combinée relative au sous-positions 1602 20 à 1602 20 90)
Poumons: 13		
Rates: 7		
Couenne: 20		
Gras avec couenne: 20		
Ingrédients divers: 2		
Eau: 10		
La préparation est conditionnée dans des boîtes		

20.11.2004

FR

Journal officiel de l'Union européenne

L 344/7

(1)	(2)	(3)
3) Isolats de protéines de lactosérum en poudre, contenant en poids calculé sur matière sèche, plus de 90% de protéines. Le produit est obtenu par microfiltration du lactosérum	3502 20 91	Le classement est déterminé par les règles générales n ^{os} 1 et 6 pour l'interprétation de la nomenclature combinée, par la note n ^o 4 du chapitre 4 ainsi que par le libellé des codes NC 3502, 3502 20 et 3502 20 91
Les protéines se répartissent de la façon suivante:		Les produits doivent être considérés comme des concentrats d'au moins deux protéines de lactosérum au sens du libellé du code 3502 et non comme isolats de lactoglobulines de la position 3504
—bêta-lactoglobuline: 50-60%		
—alfa-lactalbumine: 10-25%		
—immunoglobuline: 5-7%		
—glycopeptides: 20% environ		
La teneur en lactose et en matières grasses est inférieure à 1%.		
Le produit peut contenir de petites quantités de lécithine utilisée comme agent mouillant au cours du processus de fabrication		
Le produit est destiné à l'alimentation humaine		

(1) Les photographies ont un caractère purement indicatif.

If the whole header is printed on the next page, the ALIAS attribute should not be used

How should ROW elements with the TYPE="HEADER" attribute be used?

In general ROW elements with the TYPE="HEADER" attribute should only be used for the first ROW(s) of the tables. In some cases, however, they might appear in the middle of a table. They should then be included inside a BLK element. For example the following table

Code	Intitulé	Unité de valeur
	Bilan de la ferraille et de la vieille fonte	Tonne métrique
1010	Stocks au premier jour de l'année	MTON
1020	Ressources propres à l'usine	MTON
1030	Réceptions (1031 + 1032 + 1033)	MTON
1031	D'origine nationale	MTON
1032	D'autres États membres de la Communauté	MTON
1033	De pays tiers	MTON
1040	Disponibilités totales (1010 + 1020 + 1030)	MTON
1050	Consommation totale...	MTON
1051	... dont fours électriques	MTON
1052	... dont ferraille inoxydable	MTON
1060	Livraisons	MTON
1070	Stocks au dernier jour de l'année (1040 - 1050 - 1060)	MTON
	Consommation de combustibles et d'énergie	
2010	Combustibles solides (2011 + 2012)	MTON
2011	Coke	MTON

2012	Autres combustibles solides	MTON
2020	Combustibles liquides	MTON
2030	Gaz (2031 + 2032 + 2033 + 2034)	GJ
2031	Gaz de haut-fourneau	GJ
2032	Gaz de cokerie sidérurgique	GJ
2033	Gaz de convertisseur	GJ
2034	Autres gaz	GJ
2040	Livraisons de gaz de haut-fourneau à l'extérieur	GJ
2050	Livraisons de gaz de convertisseur à l'extérieur	GJ

should be marked up with two BLK elements containing each a ROW TYPE="HEADER":

```
<TBL COLS="3" NO.SEQ="...">
  <CORPUS>
    <ROW TYPE="HEADER">
      <CELL COL="1" TYPE="HEADER">Code</CELL>
      <CELL COL="2" TYPE="HEADER">Intitulé</CELL>
      <CELL COL="3" TYPE="HEADER">Unité de valeur</CELL>
    </ROW>
    <BLK>
      <ROW TYPE="HEADER">
        <CELL COL="1" TYPE="HEADER"><IE/></CELL>
        <CELL COL="2" TYPE="HEADER">Bilan de la ferraille et de la vieille fonte</CELL>
        <CELL COL="3" TYPE="HEADER">Tonne métrique</CELL>
      </ROW>
      <ROW>
        <CELL COL="1">1010</CELL>
        <CELL COL="2">Stocks au premier jour de l'année</CELL>
        <CELL COL="3">MTON</CELL>
      </ROW>
      <!-- Interrupted markup -->
    </BLK>
    <BLK>
      <ROW TYPE="HEADER">
        <CELL COL="1" TYPE="HEADER"><IE/></CELL>
        <CELL COL="2" TYPE="HEADER">Consommation de combustibles et d'énergie</CELL>
        <CELL COL="3" TYPE="HEADER"><IE/></CELL>
      </ROW>
      <ROW>
        <CELL COL="1">2010</CELL>
        <CELL COL="2">Combustibles solides (2011 + 2012)</CELL>
        <CELL COL="3">MTON</CELL>
      </ROW>
      <!-- Interrupted markup -->
    </BLK>
  </CORPUS>
</TBL>
```

PDF Summary

How should the SUMMARY.PDF instances be structured for Maltese special editions (corresponding to the OJ of the day)?

The Eurlex html version of the OJ should match the paper version:

<h1>Il-Ġurnal Uffiċjali</h1> <p>ta' l-Unjoni Ewropea</p>		ISSN 1725-5104 Harġa Speċjali * 24 ta' Marzu 2005
Edizzjoni bil-Malti	Legislazzjoni	
Werrej	I Atti li l-pubblikazzjoni tagħhom hija obbligatorja * Id-Deċizzjoni Nru 456/2005/KE tal-Parlament Ewropew u tal-Kunsill tad-9 ta' Marzu 2005 li tistabbilixxi programm pluriennali tal-Komunità biex il-kontenut diġitali fl-Ewropa jsir iżjed aċċessibbli u jkun jista' jigi wzat u sfruttat aktar (*)	1
	* Id-Direttiva 2005/1/KE tal-Parlament Ewropew u tal-Kunsill tad-9 ta' Marzu 2005 li temenda d-Direttivi tal-Kunsill 73/239/KEE, 85/611/KEE, 91/675/KEE, 92/49/KEE u 93/6/KEE u d-Direttivi 94/19/KE, 98/78/KE, 2000/12/KE, 2001/34/KE, 2002/83/KE u 2002/87/KE tal-Parlament Ewropew u tal-Kunsill, sabiex tiġi stabbilita struttura organizzattiva ġdida għall-kumitati dwar is-servizzi finanzjarji (*)	9
	(*) Test b'rilevanza għasż-ŻEE.	
* Din il-Harġa Speċjali bil-Malti hija ppubblikata bil-lingwi uffiċjali ta' l-istituzzjonijiet ta' l-Unjoni Ewropea fil-ĠU L 79.		



These modifications have been made in version 3 of the schema to enable particularities of the Maltese version:

- NO.OJ.SUMMARY contains the mention of the special edition and a NOTE element.
- AGE.OJ.SUMMARY is empty.
- There is (generally) no FINAL.SUMMARY.

The corresponding markup is the following (Attention: verify the link to the schema):

```
<SUMMARY.PDF xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="http://formex.publications.eu.int/schema/formex-02.00-20050101.xd">
  <HEADER.SUMMARY>
    <TITLE>
      <TI>
        <P>Il-Gurnal Ufficjali</P>
        <P>ta' l-Unjoni Ewropea</P>
      </TI>
    </TITLE>
    <LG.OJ>MT</LG.OJ>
    <NO.ISSN>17255104</NO.ISSN>
    <COLL>L</COLL>
    <NO.OJ.SUMMARY>Harga Speċjali<NOTE NOTE.ID="E0001" NUMBERING="STAR">
      <P>Din il-Harga Speċjali bil-Malti hija ppubblikata bil-lingwi uffiċjali ta' l-
      istituzzjonijiet ta' l-Unjoni Ewropea fil-GU L 79.</P>
    </NOTE>
    </NO.OJ.SUMMARY>
    <AGE.OJ.SUMMARY><IE/><AGE.OJ.SUMMARY>
    <DATE ISO="20050324">24 ta' Marzu 2005</DATE>
  </HEADER.SUMMARY>
  <CONTENTS.SUMMARY>
    <EDITION>Edizzjoni bil-Malti</EDITION>
    <TI.COLL>Legislazzjoni</TI.COLL>
    <TI.CONTENTES>Werrej</TI.CONTENTES>
    <TI.PAGE>Pagna</TI.PAGE>
    <SECTION.SUMMARY TYPE="L1">
      <TITLE>
        <TI>
          <NP>
            <NO.P>I</NO.P>
            <TXT>Atti li l-pubblikazzjoni tagħhom hija obbligatorja</TXT>
          </NP>
        </TI>
      </TITLE>
      <ITEM.SUMMARY>
        <DURAB TYPE="DUR"/>
        <TITLE>
          <TI>
            <P>Id-Decizjoni Nru 456/2005/KE tal-Parlament Ewropew u tal-Kunsill tad-<DATE
            ISO="20050309">9 ta' Marzu 2005</DATE> li tistabbilixxi programm pluriennali tal-Komunità biex il-
            kontenut digitali fl-Ewropa jsir iżjed accessibbli u jkun jista' jigi wzat u sfruttat aktar<NOTE
            NOTE.ID="E0002">
              <P>Test b'rilevanza għaz-ZEE.</P>
            </NOTE>.</P>
          </TI>
        </TITLE>
        <ITEM.REF REF.PDF="l_07920050324mt00010008.pdf">1</ITEM.REF>
      </ITEM.SUMMARY>
      <!-- Interrupted Markup -->
    </SECTION.SUMMARY>
  </CONTENTS.SUMMARY>
</SUMMARY.PDF>
```

Varia

In cases where a bibliographical reference ends with a dot, is this dot part of the contents of the REF.DOC.OJ element?

No, it is included, only if the dot indicates an abbreviation at the end of the contents of the element.

What is the contents of the element DOCUMENT.REF in general?

The value for the DOCUMENT.REF element in general is a reference from an instance towards the corresponding 'doc.xml' instance.

What should be the content of NO.OJ.SUMMARY, AGE.OJ.SUMMARY and DATE in the SUMMARY.PDF instance?

- <NO.OJ.SUMMARY>94</NO.OJ.SUMMARY>: value without zeros
- <AGE.OJ.SUMMARY>47<HT TYPE="SUP">e</HT> année</AGE.OJ.SUMMARY>: the age as printed
- <DATE ISO="20040417">17 avril 2004</DATE>: the date as printed

What has to be done with HT/@TYPE="UC" markup if titles are extracted from a document instance and integrated in SUMMARY.PDF or PAPER?

In both cases titles generally do not contain parts which are in capital letters only. So the corresponding markup has to be deleted.

Which elements may be empty?

Different cases have to be distinguished:

- The element is defined as empty in the schema.
- By incident, the element does not contain any data; the contents is defined as t_btx or t_btx.seq.
- By incident, the element does not contain any data; the contents is defined as xd:string.

In the first case, the element may never have any contents. So it has to be marked as empty, p.ex. by means of '/' which just precedes the closing delimiter of the tag.

In the second case, the contents has to be represented by the element IE ('is empty').

In the last case, the element IE is not allowed, so the element has to be marked as empty according the general XML standard.

In the case of Annexes, should a STI element or rather a TI element be used?

In the case the text of a paragraph is continuing the preceding text, the TI element has to be used:

```
<TI><P>ANNEX</P>
```

```
<P>to the Commission Regulation of 7 May 2004 estlishing the standard import values for determining the entryprice of certain fruit and vegetables</P></TI>
```

In the other cases, the use of STI is possible:

```
<TI><P>ANNEX</P></TI>
```

```
<STI><P>Rates of the refunds applicable from 11 June 2004 to certain milk products exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex I to the Treaty</P></STI>
```

In the header of the OJ, how to choose between a SUBSECTION element or a subtitle element?

In the case where some information is added below the author of the documents, a subtitle element should generally be use rather than a new SUBSECTION element.

```
<SUBSECTION>
  <TITLE>
    <TI>
      <P>European Economic and Social Committee</P>
    </TI>
    <STI>
      <P>408th plenary session, 28 and 29 April 2004</P>
    </STI>
  </TITLE>
  ...
</SUBSECTION>
```

A SUBSECTION element should be used in the case this information is really splitting the documents into different categories:

```
<SUBSECTION>
  <TITLE>
    <TI>
      <P>Court of Justice</P>
    </TI>
  </TITLE>
  <SUBSECTION>
    <TITLE>
      <TI>
        <P>COURT OF JUSTICE</P>
      </TI>
    </TITLE>
    ...
  </SUBSECTION>
  <SUBSECTION>
    <TITLE>
      <TI>
        <P>COURT OF FIRST INSTANCE</P>
      </TI>
    </TITLE>
    ...
  </SUBSECTION>
</SUBSECTION>
```

To which value should the NO.SEQ element be set in the case of included documents?

In the case of a main document containing two included documents (the second one being an annexe of the first one) and followed by an annexe, the values of NO.SEQ will be the following:

- DOC.MAIN.PUB: 001
- INCL.ELEMENT 1 : 001.001
- INCL.ELEMENT 2 : 001.001.001
- DOC.SUB.PUB: 001.002

In which cases may FT TYPE="CN" be used?

FT TYPE="CN" should be used to markup codes clearly defined as from the combined nomenclature. These should match the following pattern:

'ex'?\d{4}(\d{2}){0,2}

The CN code inside the FT tag cannot contain separators such as spaces or full stops. Other codes, like product codes, should be marked-up using the element FT with the TYPE="CODE" attribute.

For example, the CN code '0810 30 10' must be marked up as <FT TYPE="CN">08103010</FT> and the product code '0203 11 10 90 00' should be marked up as <FT TYPE="CODE">0203 11 10 90 00</FT>

A GR.TBL element contains some notes that are printed on a separate page. Where should the PAGE processing instruction be set?

The PAGE processing instruction has to be placed after the endtag of the last element closed on the previous page. In the case below, the table "Part B" is ending on page 17 but the group of table is still continuing on page 18:

Part B: Other global statistics	
Statistics on traders	
Number of traders identified for VAT that have declared intra-Community acquisitions (Box No 8)	
Number of traders identified for VAT that have reported intra-Community supplies in the quarterly statements (Box No 9)	
Statistics on controls	
Number of simultaneous controls organised (Articles 12 and 13) (Box No 10)	
Number of simultaneous controls in which the Member State has participated (Articles 12 and 13) (Box no 11)	
Number of administrative enquiries requested (Article 5(3)) (Box no 12)	
Number of administrative enquiries carried out following a request from another Member State (Article 5(3)) (Box no 13)	
Statistics on information without request	
Number of information exchanges sent without request (Articles 17 to 21) (Box no 14)	
Statistics on VIES	
Percentage of cases where customers' VAT identification numbers did not correspond to construction rules (incorrect lines/total of all lines) at the date when data were captured (Box no 15)	
Number of VAT numbers in the O_MCTL messages received (Box No 16)	
EXPLANATORY NOTES:	
Part A. Statistics to be broken down by Member State	
Box Nos 1 and 2:	What should be reported here is the number of requests sent or received during the calendar year from each Member State. A request shall be considered to be sent or received only when all accompanying attachments are also sent or received. All requests should be reported, even if they are not sent from the Central Liaison Office itself.
Box No 3:	What should be counted here is the number of times the three months deadline has passed during the reporting year, even if the request was sent during the preceding year or even if the reply is still not sent by the end of the reporting year. In case such a reply is still not sent after another year, it should not be counted a second time when submitting the figures for the following reporting period.
Box No 4:	What should be counted here is the number of times a reply is received from a particular Member State, when the request was made less than one month before. Replies to requests sent during the previous year should be counted but not replies received the following year to requests made during the reporting period.
Box No 5:	What should be reported here is the number of Article 10 notifications received during the reporting year.
Box Nos 6 and 7:	What should be reported here is the number of requests sent or received during the calendar year from each Member State. A request shall be considered to be sent or received only when all accompanying attachments are also sent or received.
Part B. Statistics to be reported globally, without any breakdown per Member State	
Box Nos 8 and 9:	What should be reported here is the total number of national traders who declared having made such transactions at least once in the reporting period.
Box Nos 10 and 11:	The figures reported here should include those controls that are financed out of the Fiscalis 2003-2007 programme but also all other controls (including purely bilateral controls). Simultaneous controls shall be reported within the year during which the notification provided for in Article 13 is done.
Box Nos 12 and 13:	Those controls shall be reported within the year during which the request provided for in Article 5 (3) is done.

The markup should thus be the following:

```
<GR.TBL>
  <!--interrupted markup-->
  <TBL NO.SEQ="002" COLS="2">
    <TITLE>
      <TI>
        <P>Part B: Other global statistics:</P>
      </TI>
    </TITLE>
    <CORPUS>
      <!--interrupted markup-->
    </CORPUS>
  </TBL>
  <?PAGE NO='18'?>
</GR.TBL>
```

What should be the value of the TYPE attribute of a NOTE in an included document?

The TYPE attribute should indicate the location of the note content in relation to the document which it is called in, that is, the included document.

For example, in the instance

[l_10120050421en00170019.pdf](#) (refer to EUR-Lex)

the main document contains an included document (see page 18 of the OJ):

```
<ITEM>
  <NP>
    <NO.P>4.</NO.P>
    <TXT>Annex IV shall be replaced by the following:</TXT>
    <P>
      <QUOT.S LEVEL="1">
        <INCL.ELEMENT TYPE="FORMEX.DOC" FILEREF="L_2005101EN.01001801.xml"/>
      </QUOT.S>
    </P>
  </NP>
</ITEM>
```

It contains a certain number of notes which are gathered at the end of the included document. The TYPE attribute of the NOTE should thus be set to ENDNOTE:

```
<P>El exportador de los productos incluidos en el presente documento [autorización aduanera n<HT
TYPE="SUP">o</HT> ...<NOTE NOTE.ID="E0001" NUMBERING="ARAB" TYPE="ENDNOTE">
  <P>When the invoice declaration is made out by an approved exporter, the authorisation number of
the approved exporter must be entered in this space. When the invoice declaration is not made out
by an approved exporter, the words in brackets shall be omitted or the space left blank.</P>
</NOTE>] declara que, salvo indicación en sentido contrario, estos productos gozan de un origen
preferencial...</P>
```

When should the element NOTICE be used?

The element NOTICE is used for the markup of announcements which are part of the publication summary, so additional information to the table of contents. Frequent examples are the budget publications, legends to the minutes of the European Parliament or some text boxes in the OJ CA.

The following example is taken from the OJ L 402 in 2006:

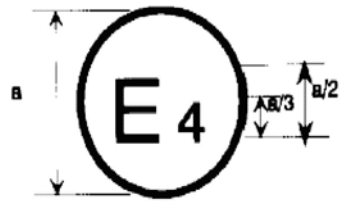
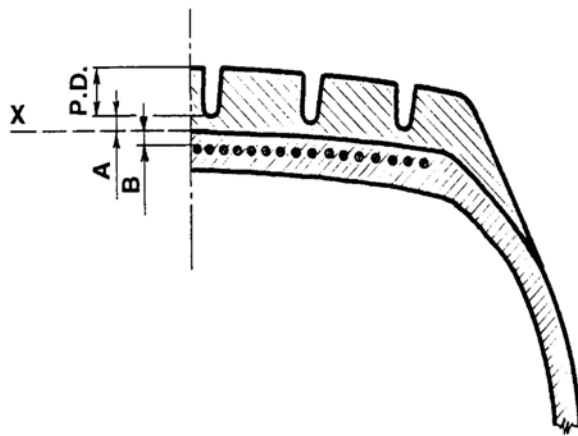
```
<VOLUME>
  . . .
  <SECTION>
  . . .
  </SECTION>
  <NOTICE>
    <HT TYPE="BOX">
      <P>Les montants du présent document budgétaire sont exprimés en euros, sauf indication
contraire.</P>
      <P>Les recettes éventuelles prévues à l'article 18, paragraphe 1, du règlement financier,
inscrites aux titres 5 et 6 de l'état des recettes, peuvent donner lieu à l'ouverture de crédits
supplémentaires à inscrire aux lignes qui ont supporté la dépense initiale ayant donné lieu aux
recettes correspondantes.</P>
      <P>Les chiffres de l'exécution renvoient à tous les crédits autorisés, y compris les
crédits budgétaires, les crédits supplémentaires et les recettes affectées.</P>
    </HT>
  </NOTICE>
</VOLUME>
```

When and how should an IMG.CNT be used?

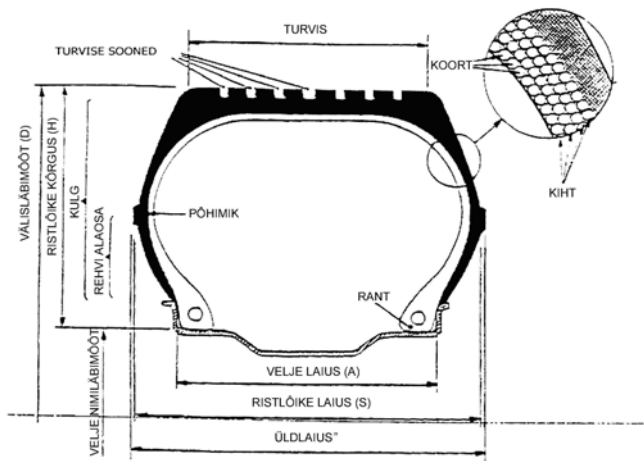
In a case of doubts, the printer should verify with the production if the IMG.CNT is really required.

Samples where the IMG.CNT is not required:

- for measures inside a technical design:

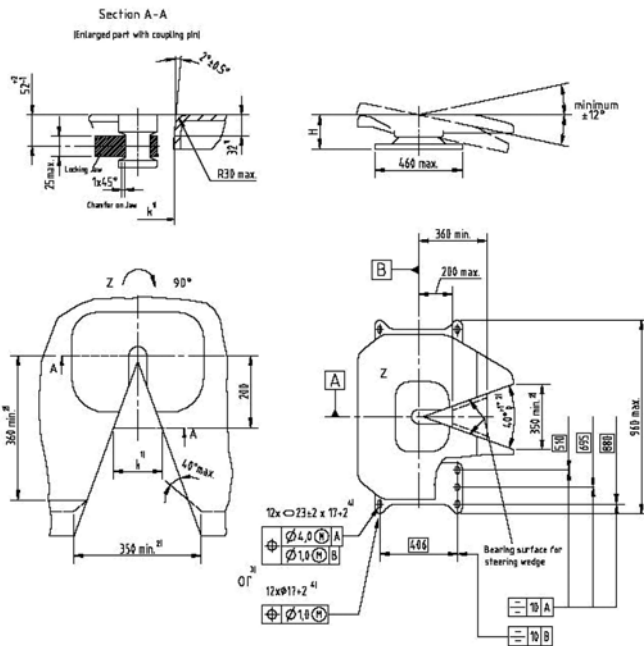


109 R - 002439 $\frac{B}{3}$



Sample where the IMG.CNT is not required for the whole tiff:

In the following case, the IMG.CNT is only required for the text of the notes, it is not required to report the measure of the technical designs.



Notes

1. To provide for the use of steering wedges, measure the reference dimension $k = 137 \pm 3$ mm at 32 mm below the top surface and at a distance of 200 mm from the transverse centre line of the coupling.
2. The $40^\circ \pm 1'10''$ E throat angle must be maintained over a distance of 360 mm minimum from the transverse centre line of the coupling. The entry width of 350 mm minimum may be obtained outside this distance by increasing the entry angle up to an included angle of 120° maximum as shown in dotted line.
3. Elongated mounting holes 23 ± 2 mm x 17 ± 2 mm or round mounting holes Diameter 17 ± 2 -0 mm could be used.
4. When using elongated holes or holes > 18 mm diameter, washers 40 mm diameter, 6 mm thick, or means of equal strength, e.g. flat steel plate, are to be used.

Is information about highlighted text (bold, italic) required in IMG.CNT?

The HT TYPE="BOLD", "ITALIC" etc... is not required; if, however, the markup is present it must be correct.

In the case of dotted lines (see the example below), the following solutions are acceptable:

- exactly the same number of <P>...</P> as the number of dotted lines or
- nothing at all

DICHIARAZIONE DELL'ESPORTATORE

Io sottoscritto, esportatore delle merci descritte a fronte,

DICHIARO che queste merci rispondono alle condizioni richieste per ottenere il certificato qui allegato;

PRECISO le circostanze che hanno permesso a queste merci di soddisfare a queste condizioni:

.....
.....
.....

PRESENTO i seguenti documenti giustificativi (*):

.....
.....
.....

M'IMPEGNO a presentare, su richiesta della autorità competenti, qualsiasi giustificazione supplementare che dette autorità ritenessero indispensabile per il rilascio del certificato qui allegato, come pure ad accettare qualunque controllo eventualmente richiesto da parte di dette autorità, della mia contabilità e delle circostanze relative alla fabbricazione delle merci di cui sopra;

CHIEDO il rilascio del certificato qui allegato per queste merci.

.....
(Luogo e data)

.....
(Firma)

(*): Ad esempio: documenti d'importazione, certificati di circolazione, fattura, dichiarazioni del fabbricante, ecc., relativi ai prodotti messi in opera o alle merci riesportate tali e quali.

If the text appears in separated paragraphs in the tiff, IMG.CNT should have separated paragraphs as well.

17. Eksportuotojo/pranešėjo-gamintojo (1) deklaracija: Aš patvirtinu, kad pateikta visa man žinoma informacija yra teisinga. Aš taip pat patvirtinu, kad raštu buvo sudaryti teisiškai vykdytini sutarties įsipareigojimai ir kad galioja arba galios bet koks tarpvalstybiniam gabenimui taikytinas draudimas arba kita finansinė garantija: Eksportuotojo/pranešėjo pavadinimas: Parašas: Data: Gamintojo pavadinimas: Parašas: Data:		18. Priedų skaičius:
PILDO KOMPETENTINGOS INSTITUCIJOS		
19. Importuojančių-paskirties/ tranzito/eksportuojančių išsiunčiančių (9) šalių atitinkamos kompetentingos institucijos patvirtinimas (1): Šalis: Pranešimas gautas: Patvirtinimas išsiųstas: Kompetentingos institucijos pavadinimas: Spaudas ir (arba) parašas:	20. (Šalies) kompetentingos institucijos sutikimas raštu (1;8) dėl judėjimo: Leidimas duotas: Specialios sąlygos: iki: Specialios sąlygos: Ne: <input type="checkbox"/> Jeigu taip, žr. 21 langelį (6): <input type="checkbox"/> Kompetentingos institucijos pavadinimas: Spaudas ir (arba) parašas:	
21. Specialios sutikimo dėl judėjimo sąlygos arba prieštaravimo priežastys		
(1) Bazelio konvencijos reikalavimu. (2) R12/R13 arba D13-D15 būdų atvejais, taip pat pridėti atitinkamą informaciją dėl tolesnio (-ių) R1-R11 arba D1-D12 įrenginio (-ių), kai reikalaujama. (3) Pildoma, kai judėjimas vyksta OECD zonoje ir tik kai taikoma B ii). (4) Pridėti išsamų daugkartinių vežimų sąrašą.		(5) Žiūrėti sutrumpinimų ir kodų sąrašą kitame puslapyje. (6) Pridėti išsamesnį paaiškinimą, jeigu būtina. (7) Pridėti sąrašą, jeigu yra daugiau nei vienas. (8) Jeigu reikalaujama nacionaliniuose teisės aktuose. (9) Jeigu taikytina pagal OECD sprendimą.

The markup should read as follows:

```
<IMG.CNT>
  <P>17. Eksportuotojo/pranešėjo-gamintojo (1) deklaracija:</P>
  <P>Aš patvirtinu, kad pateikta visa man žinoma informacija yra teisinga.</P>
  <P>Aš taip pat patvirtinu, kad raštu buvo sudaryti teisiškai vykdytini sutarties įsipareigojimai ir kad galioja arba galios bet koks tarpvalstybiniam gabenimui taikytinas draudimas arba kita finansinė garantija.</P>
  <P>18. Priedų skaičius</P>
  <P>Eksportuotojo/pranešėjo pavadinimas:</P>
  <P>Parašas:</P>
  <P>Data:</P>
  <P>Gamintojo pavadinimas:</P>
  <P>Parašas:</P>
  <P>Data:</P>
  [...]
</IMG.CNT>
```

Use of GR.SEQ or use of DLIST?

In cases similar with the product specification below (also see pages 3 to 8 of http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/site/en/oj/2007/L_192/L_19220070724en00110018.pdf), a mixed approach using GR.SEQ and DLIST should be preferred instead of nested DLIST elements.

1. Responsible department in the Member State:

Name: Subdirección General de Denominaciones de Calidad, Dirección General de Alimentación, Secretaría General de Alimentación del Ministerio de Agricultura, Pesca y Alimentación, España
Address: Paseo Infanta Isabel 1, E-28071 Madrid
Tel: (34) 913 475394
Fax: (34) 913 475410
E-mail: sgcaproagro@mapya.es

2. Applicant groups:

Name: Mieles Anta, SL
Address: C/Ermita, 34 Polígono de A Grela-Ilens, A Coruña
Tel: —
Fax: —
E-mail: —

Name: Sociedad Cooperativa 'A Quiroga'
Address: Avenida Doctor Sixto Mauriz, nº 43, Fene, A Coruña
Tel: —
Fax: —
E-mail: —
Composition: Producers/processors (X) others ()

3. Type of product

Class 1.4. Other products of animal origin: honey

4. Specifications

(summary of the requirements in accordance with Article 4(2) of Regulation (EC) No 510/2006)

4.1. Name of product

Miel de Galicia or Mel de Galicia

4.2. Description

The product covered by the protected geographical indication (PGI) Miel de Galicia or Mel de Galicia is defined as honey possessing the characteristics listed in this specification and meeting the requirements set out in this specification, the quality control manual and the legislation in force during production, processing and packaging. It is produced in hives with moveable panels and is obtained by decanting or centrifuging. It is either liquid, crystallised or creamy. It may also be in the form of honeycombs.

The following markup is recommended for such cases:

```
<GR.SEQ LEVEL="2">
  <TITLE>
    <TI>
      <NP>
        <NO.P>1.</NO.P>
        <TXT>Responsible department in the Member State:</TXT>
      </NP>
    </TI>
  </TITLE>
  <DLIST SEPARATOR=":" TYPE="TBL">
    <DLIST.ITEM>
      <TERM>Name</TERM>
      <DEFINITION>Subdirección General de Denominaciones de Calidad, Dirección General de
Alimentación, Secretaría General de Alimentación del Ministerio de Agricultura, Pesca y
Alimentación, España</DEFINITION>
    </DLIST.ITEM>
    <DLIST.ITEM>
      <TERM>Address</TERM>
      <DEFINITION>
        <ADDR>Paseo Infanta Isabel 1, E-28071 Madrid</ADDR>
      </DEFINITION>
    </DLIST.ITEM>
    <DLIST.ITEM>
      <TERM>Tel</TERM>
      <DEFINITION>(34) 913 475394</DEFINITION>
    </DLIST.ITEM>
    <DLIST.ITEM>
      <TERM>Fax</TERM>
      <DEFINITION>(34) 913 475410</DEFINITION>
    </DLIST.ITEM>
    <DLIST.ITEM>
      <TERM>E-mail</TERM>
      <DEFINITION>sgcaproagro@mapya.es</DEFINITION>
    </DLIST.ITEM>
  </DLIST>
</GR.SEQ>
<GR.SEQ LEVEL="2">
  <TITLE>
    <TI>
      <NP>
        <NO.P>2.</NO.P>
        <TXT>Applicant groups:</TXT>
      </NP>
    </TI>
  </TITLE>
  <DLIST SEPARATOR=":" TYPE="TBL">
    <DLIST.ITEM>
      <TERM>Name</TERM>
      <DEFINITION>Mieles Anta, SL</DEFINITION>
```

```

</DLIST.ITEM>
<DLIST.ITEM>
  <TERM>Address</TERM>
  <DEFINITION>
    <ADDR>C/Ermita, 34 Polígono de A Grela-Bens, A Coruña</ADDR>
  </DEFINITION>
</DLIST.ITEM>
<DLIST.ITEM>
  <TERM>Tel</TERM>
  <DEFINITION>--</DEFINITION>
</DLIST.ITEM>
<DLIST.ITEM>
  <TERM>Fax</TERM>
  <DEFINITION>--</DEFINITION>
</DLIST.ITEM>
<DLIST.ITEM>
  <TERM>E-mail</TERM>
</DLIST.ITEM>
</DLIST>
<DLIST SEPARATOR=":" TYPE="TBL">
  <DLIST.ITEM>
    <TERM>Name</TERM>
    <DEFINITION>Sociedad Cooperativa <QUOT.START CODE="2018" ID="QS0001" REF.END="QE0001"/>A Quiroga<QUOT.END CODE="2019" ID="QE0001" REF.START="QS0001"/>
    </DEFINITION>
  </DLIST.ITEM>
  <DLIST.ITEM>
    <TERM>Address</TERM>
    <DEFINITION>
      <ADDR>Avenida Doctor Sixto Mauriz, n<HT TYPE="SUP">o</HT> 43, Fene. A Coruña</ADDR>
    </DEFINITION>
  </DLIST.ITEM>
  <DLIST.ITEM>
    <TERM>Tel</TERM>
    <DEFINITION>--</DEFINITION>
  </DLIST.ITEM>
  <DLIST.ITEM>
    <TERM>Fax</TERM>
    <DEFINITION>--</DEFINITION>
  </DLIST.ITEM>
  <DLIST.ITEM>
    <TERM>E-mail</TERM>
    <DEFINITION>--</DEFINITION>
  </DLIST.ITEM>
  <DLIST.ITEM>
    <TERM>Composition</TERM>
    <DEFINITION>Producers/processors ( X ) others ( )</DEFINITION>
  </DLIST.ITEM>
</DLIST>
</GR.SEQ>
<GR.SEQ LEVEL="2">
  <TITLE>
    <TI>
      <NP>
        <NO.P>3.</NO.P>
        <TXT>Type of product</TXT>
      </NP>
    </TI>
  </TITLE>
  <DLIST TYPE="TBL">
    <DLIST.ITEM>
      <TERM>Class 1.4.</TERM>
      <DEFINITION>Other products of animal origin: honey</DEFINITION>
    </DLIST.ITEM>
  </DLIST>
</GR.SEQ>
<GR.SEQ LEVEL="2">
  <TITLE>
    <TI>
      <NP>
        <NO.P>4.</NO.P>
        <TXT>Specifications</TXT>
      </NP>
    </TI>
  </TITLE>
  <P>(summary of the requirements in accordance with Article 4(2) of Regulation (EC) No 510/2006)
</P>
  <GR.SEQ LEVEL="3">
    <TITLE>
      <TI>
        <NP>
          <NO.P>4.1.</NO.P>
          <TXT>Name of product</TXT>
        </NP>
      </TI>
    </TITLE>
    <P>
      <HT TYPE="ITALIC">Miel de Galicia</HT> or <HT TYPE="ITALIC">Mel de Galicia</HT>
    </P>
  </GR.SEQ>

```

```

</GR.SEQ>
<GR.SEQ LEVEL="3">
  <TITLE>
    <TI>
      <NP>
        <NO.P>4.2.</NO.P>
        <TXT>Description</TXT>
      </NP>
    </TI>
  </TITLE>
  <P>The product covered by the protected geographical indication (PGI) <HT TYPE="ITALIC">Miel de Galicia</HT> or <HT TYPE="ITALIC">Mel de Galicia</HT> is defined as honey possessing the characteristics listed in this specification and meeting the requirements set out in this specification, the quality control manual and the legislation in force during production, processing and packaging. It is produced in hives with moveable panels and is obtained by decanting or centrifuging. It is either liquid, crystallised or creamy. It may also be in the form of honeycombs.</P>
  <?PAGE NO='14'?>
  <P>The honey is classified according to its biological origin in the following categories:</P>
  <!--interrupted markup -->
</GR.SEQ>
<GR.SEQ LEVEL="3">
  <TITLE>
    <TI>
      <NP>
        <NO.P>4.3.</NO.P>
        <TXT>Geographical area</TXT>
      </NP>
    </TI>
  </TITLE>
  <P>The production, processing and packaging area of the honeys coming under the protected geographical indication <HT TYPE="ITALIC">Miel de Galicia</HT> covers the whole of the Autonomous Community of Galicia.</P>
</GR.SEQ>
<GR.SEQ LEVEL="3">
  <TITLE>
    <TI>
      <NP>
        <NO.P>4.4.</NO.P>
        <TXT>Proof of origin</TXT>
      </NP>
    </TI>
  </TITLE>
  <P>The PGI <HT TYPE="ITALIC">Miel de Galicia</HT> may only cover honey coming from the installations listed in the registers of the regulatory body, produced in accordance with the standards laid down in the product specification and the quality control manual and possessing the characteristics which are supposed to be typical of this honey.</P>
  <P>The regulatory body keeps the following registers:</P>
  <!--interrupted markup -->
</GR.SEQ>
<GR.SEQ LEVEL="3">
  <TITLE>
    <TI>
      <NP>
        <NO.P>4.6.</NO.P>
        <TXT>Link</TXT>
      </NP>
    </TI>
  </TITLE>
  <GR.SEQ LEVEL="4">
    <TITLE>
      <TI>
        <P>Historical link</P>
      </TI>
    </TITLE>
  <!--interrupted markup -->
</GR.SEQ>
</GR.SEQ>
<?PAGE NO='18'?>
<GR.SEQ LEVEL="3">
  <TITLE>
    <TI>
      <NP>
        <NO.P>4.7.</NO.P>
        <TXT>Inspection body</TXT>
      </NP>
    </TI>
  </TITLE>
  <DLIST SEPARATOR=":" TYPE="TBL">
    <DLIST.ITEM>
      <TERM>Name</TERM>
      <DEFINITION>Consejo regulador de la Indicación Geográfica Protegida <QUOT.START CODE="2018" ID="QS0007" REF.END="QE0007"/>Miel de Galicia<QUOT.END CODE="2019" ID="QE0007" REF.START="QS0007"/>
    </DEFINITION>
  </DLIST.ITEM>
  <DLIST.ITEM>
    <TERM>Address</TERM>

```

```
<DEFINITION>
  <ADDR>Pazo de Quián s/n, Sergude, E-15881-Boqueixón, A Coruña</ADDR>
</DEFINITION>
</DLIST.ITEM>
<DLIST.ITEM>
  <TERM>Tel</TERM>
  <DEFINITION>(34) 981 511913</DEFINITION>
</DLIST.ITEM>
<DLIST.ITEM>
  <TERM>Fax</TERM>
  <DEFINITION>(34) 981 511913</DEFINITION>
</DLIST.ITEM>
<DLIST.ITEM>
  <TERM>E-mail</TERM>
  <DEFINITION>info@mieldeg Galicia.org</DEFINITION>
</DLIST.ITEM>
</DLIST>
<P>The inspection body meets the requirements laid down in standard EN 45011, in accordance
with the provisions of Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 510/2006.</P>
</GR.SEQ>
<!--interrupted markup -->
</GR.SEQ>
```